



Aalto University  
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Engineering

# Suspended Carbon Nanotube Varactor

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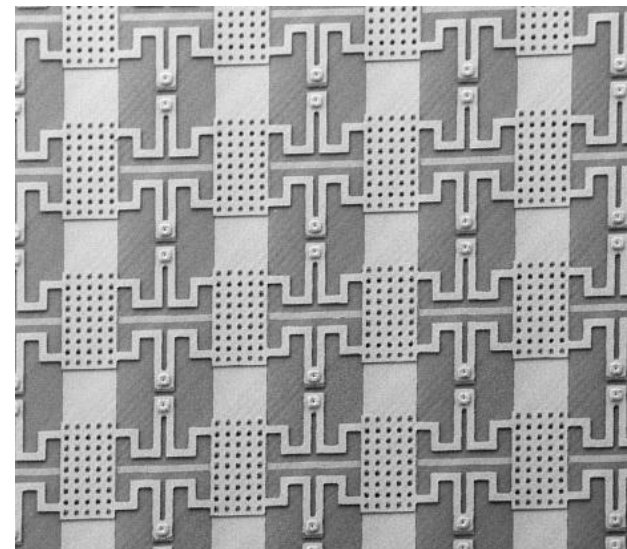
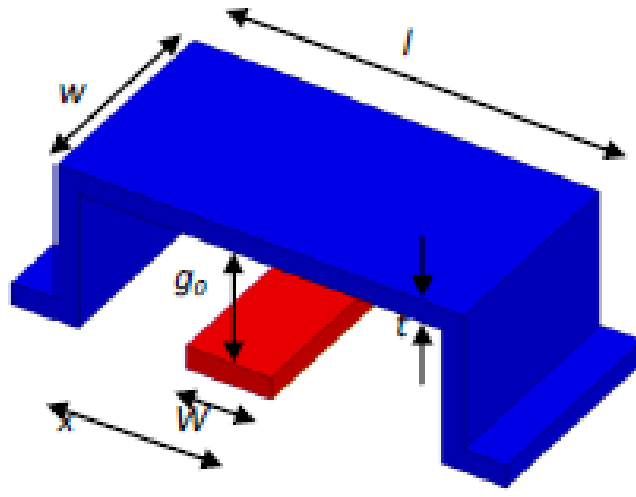
# Outline

1. **MEMS varactors**
2. **Design of a CNT varactor**
3. **Fabrication**
4. **Measurements**
5. **Calculations**
6. **SEM verification**
7. **Results**

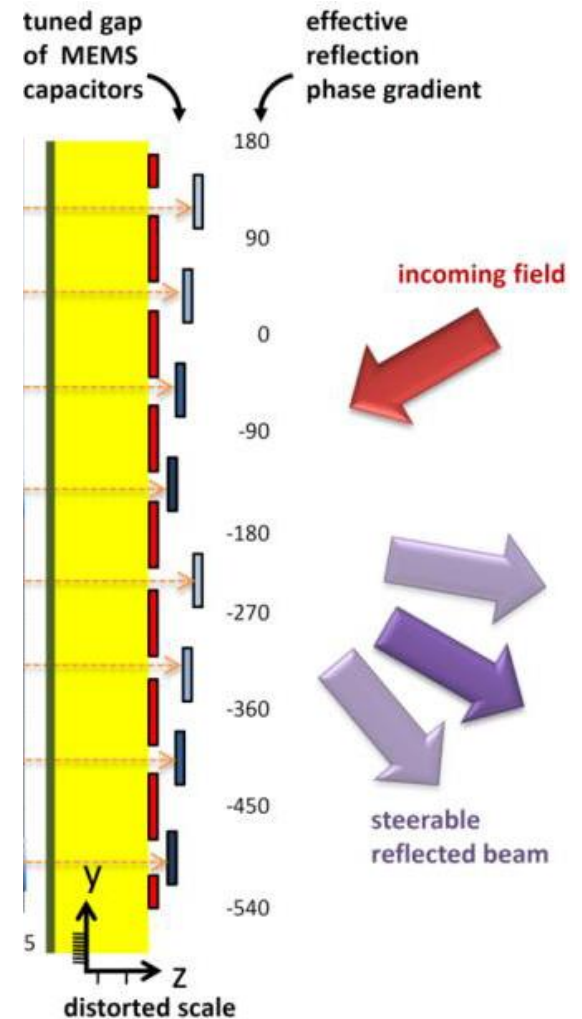
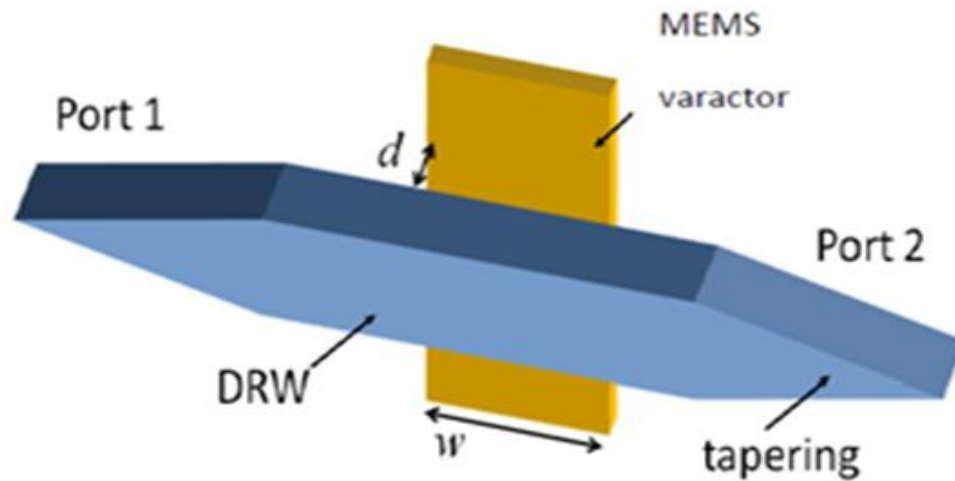
# MEMS varactor

MEMS – microelectromechanical system

Can be used as a high impedance surfaces



# MEMS applications



# MEMS varactor membranes and materials

## Graphene, single carbon nanotubes (CNT)

strong, low actuation voltage

hard to manufacture

$$E = 1 \text{ TPa}$$

$$t = 0.3 - 5 \text{ nm}$$

## Metals

not strong, high actuation voltage

relatively easy to manufacture

$$E = 100 - 200 \text{ GPa}$$

$$t = 100 - 500 \text{ nm}$$

## CNT networks

strong, low actuation voltage

relatively easy to manufacture

$$E = 60 \text{ MPa} - 1 \text{ GPa}$$

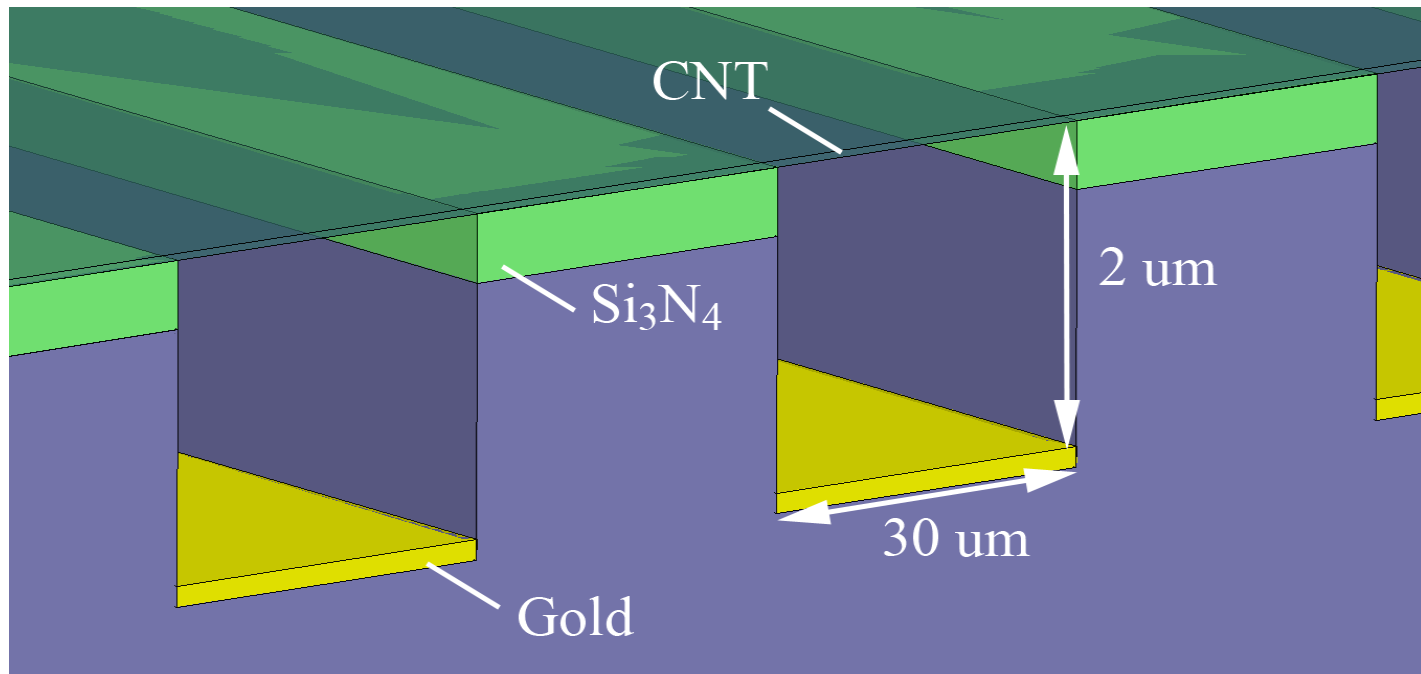
$$t = 5 - 200 \text{ nm}$$

# Design

**CNT network is suspended in the air**

**Gold lower contacts**

**Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> for insulation**

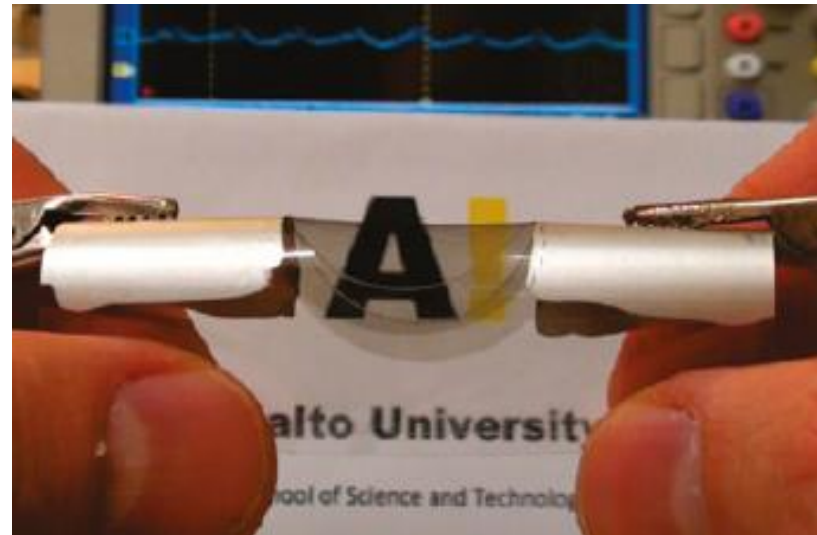
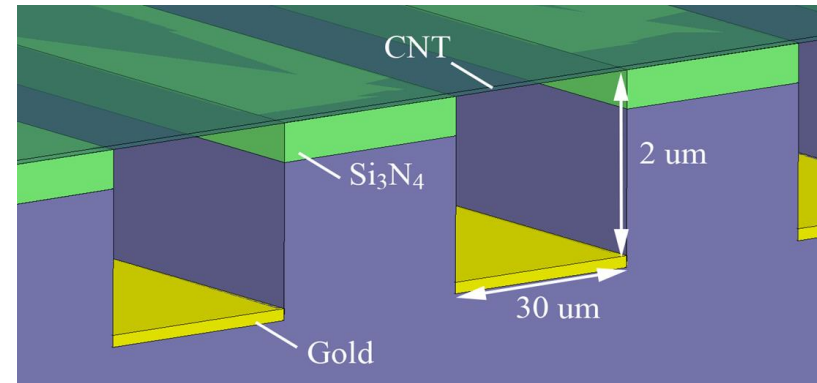


# Fabrication

1. High resistive Si substrate
2.  $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$  layer PECVD deposition
3. Upper Au contacts deposition
4. Grooves etching by RIE
5. Au deposition
6. Lift off
7. CNT deposition by direct layer transfer from nitrocellulose filter

CNT thickness is 30 nm

CNT Young's modulus is  $E \approx 80 \text{ MPa}$

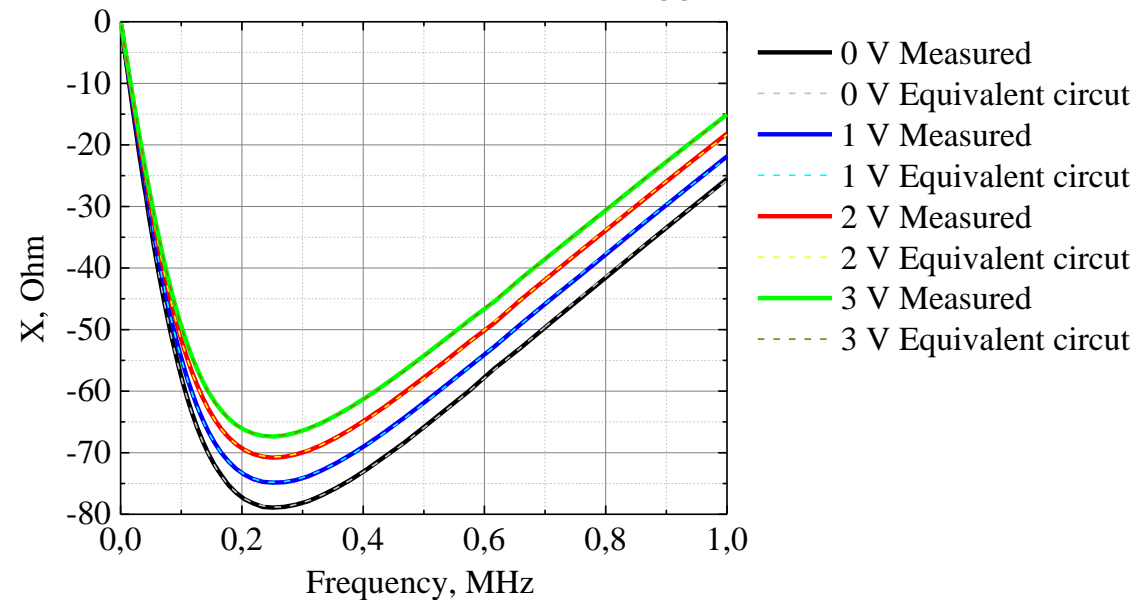
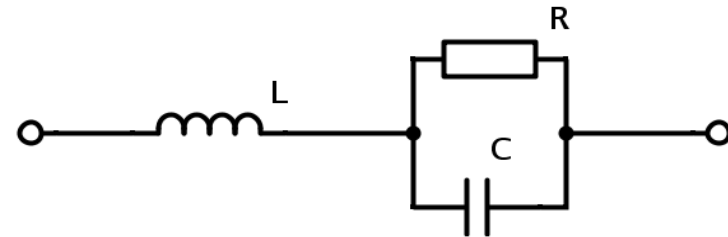
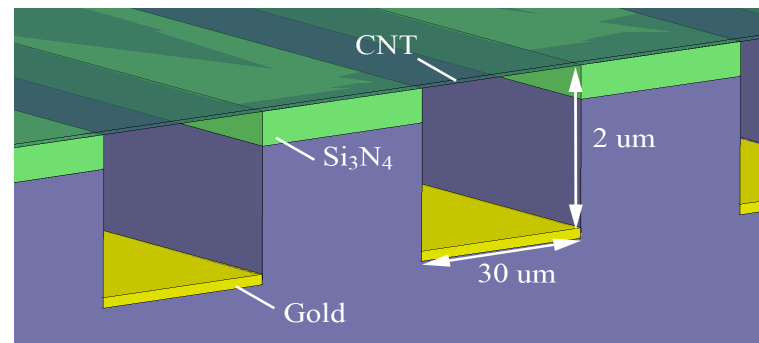


# Measurements

The complex impedance of the structure was measured vs bias voltage

The reactance was approximated by the equivalent circuit model

The values of R, L, C were extracted



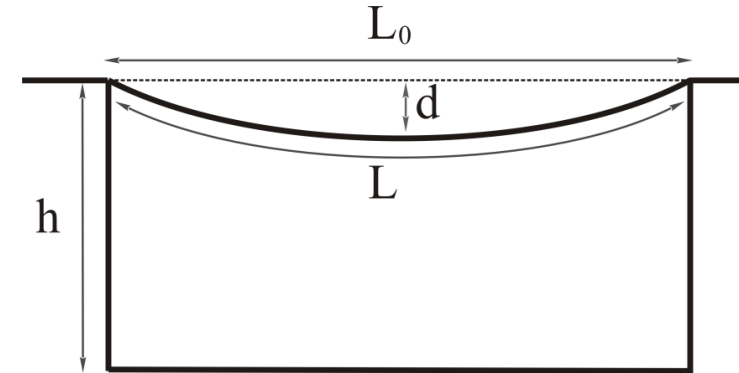


# Calculations

**Electric force:** 
$$F_C = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\epsilon_0 A_C V^2}{(h - d)^2}$$

**Elastic force:** 
$$F_E = EA_{CS} \frac{L(d) - L_0}{L_0}$$

**Capacitance:** 
$$C(V) = C_0 \frac{h}{h - d(V)}$$



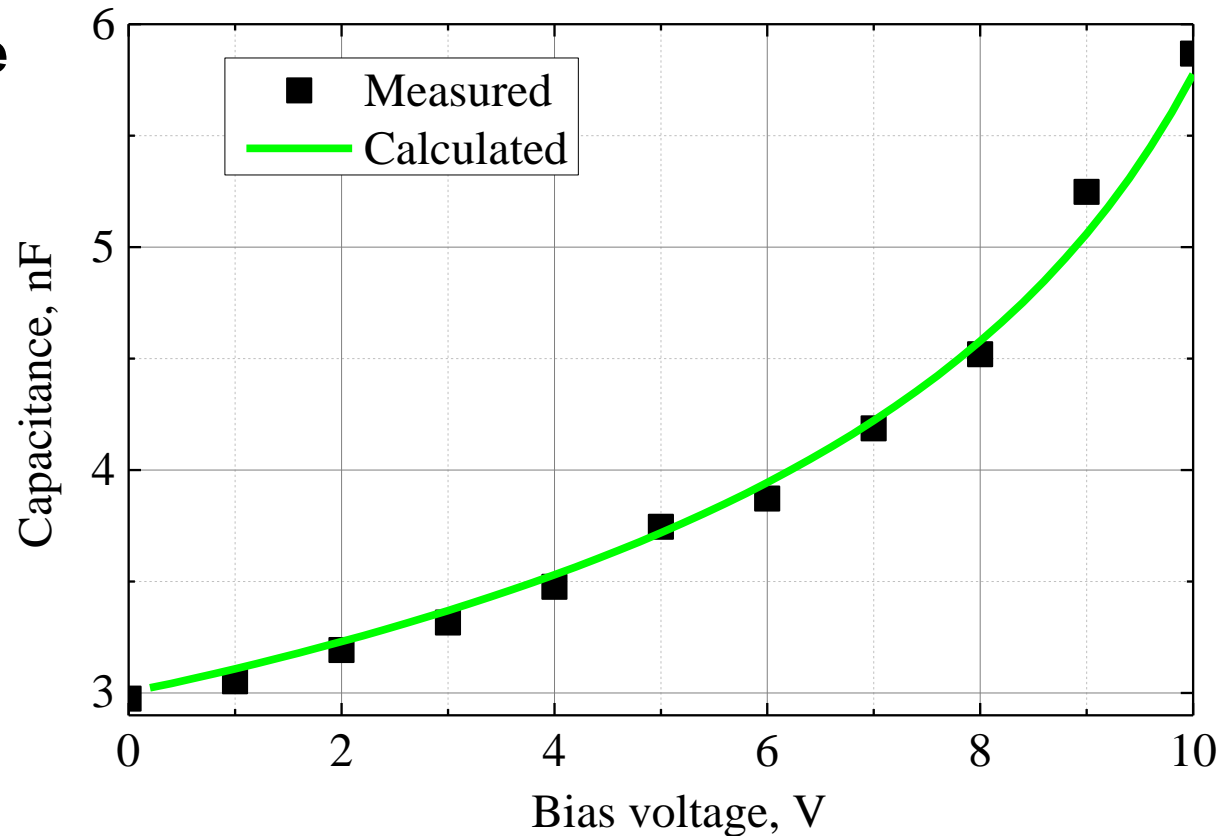
# Results

Low actuation voltage

Tunability of 100%

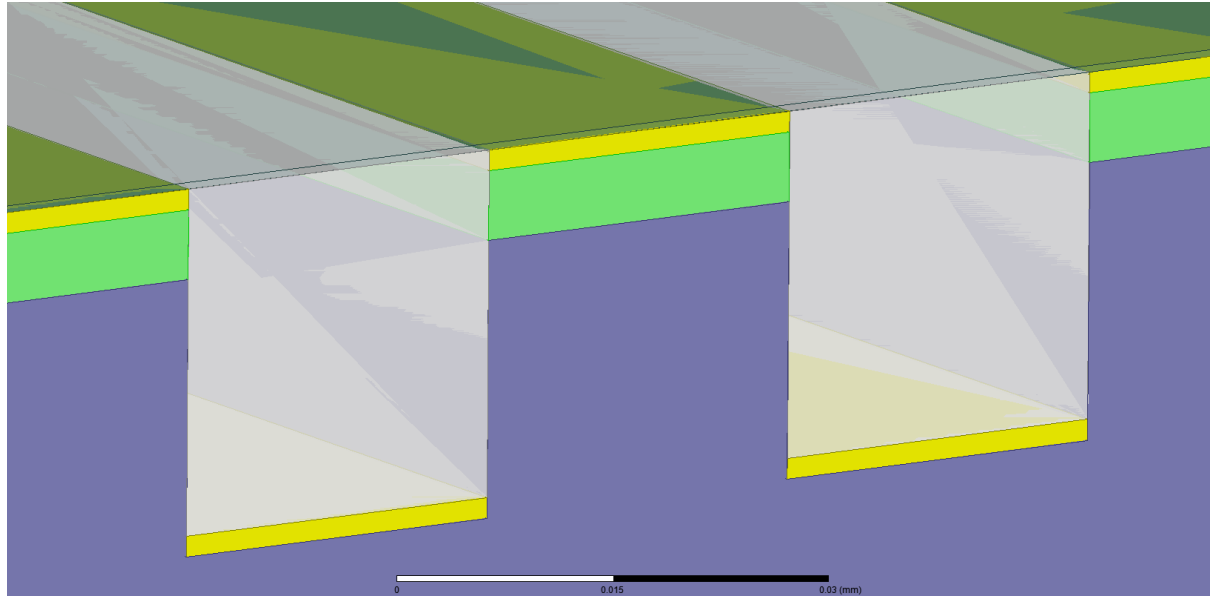
$E = 80 \text{ MPa}$

$R = 50 - 80 \text{ } \Omega$



# Nanocellulose deposition

**Good insulator, soft, good plasticity**

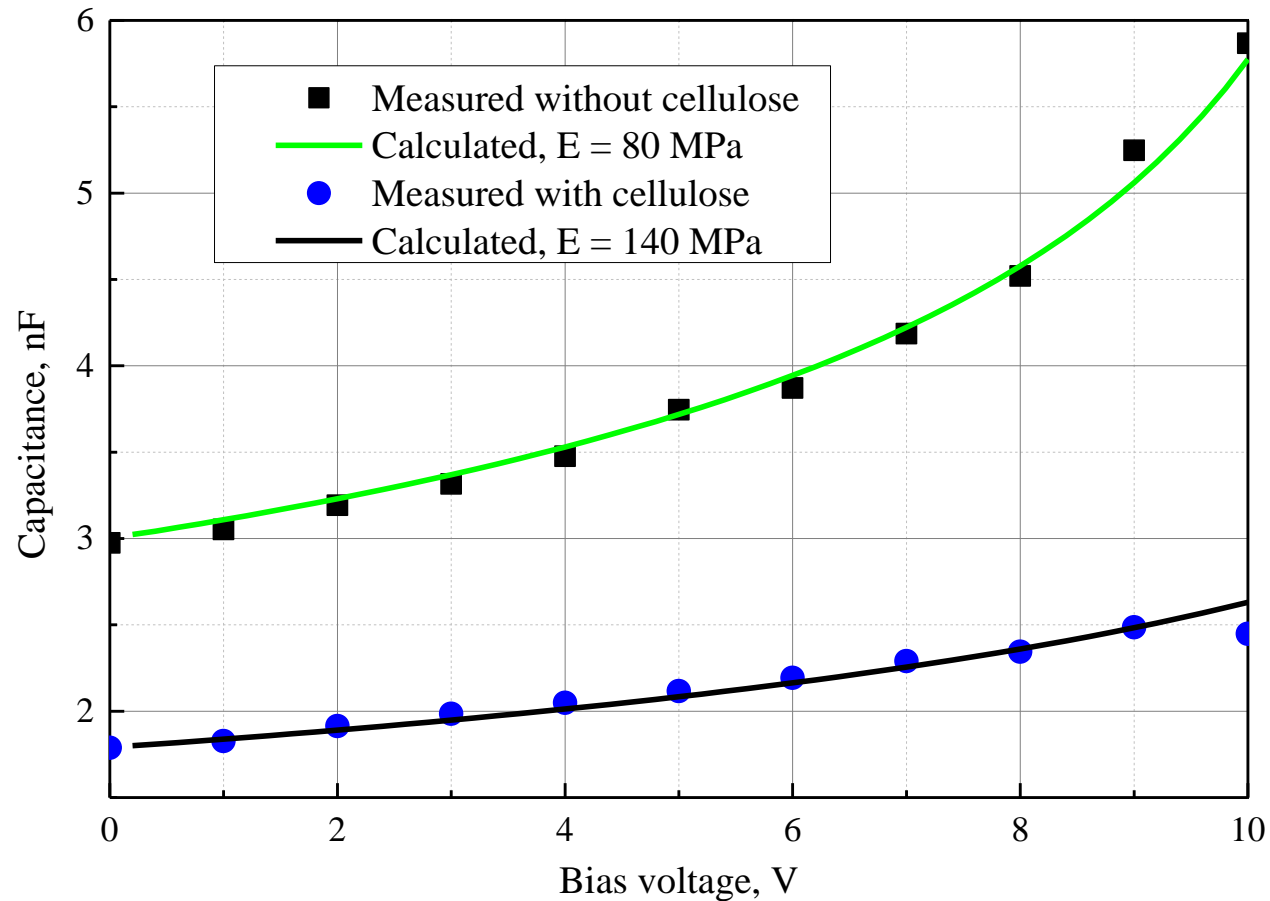


# Results with nanocellulose

$E = 140 \text{ Mpa}$

$R = 1.8 \text{ k}\Omega$

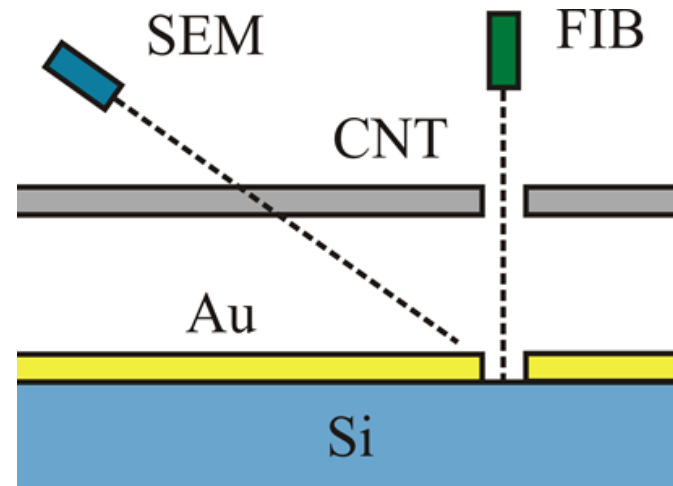
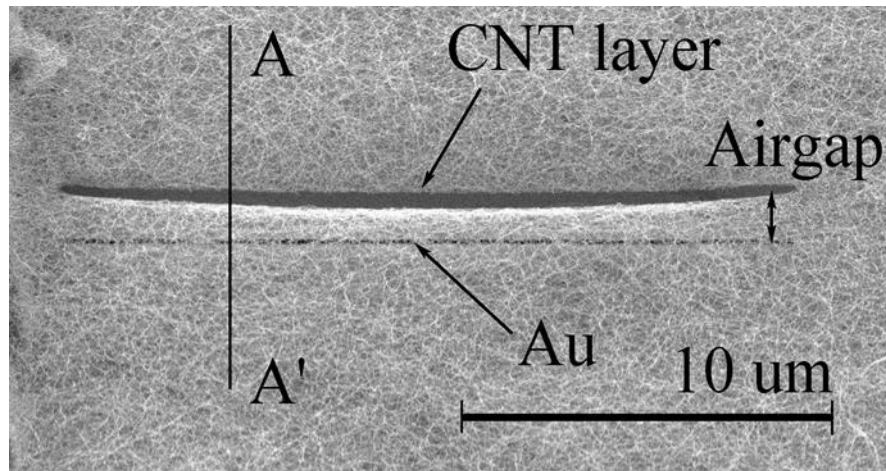
Tunability of 44 %



# Verification of suspended CNT

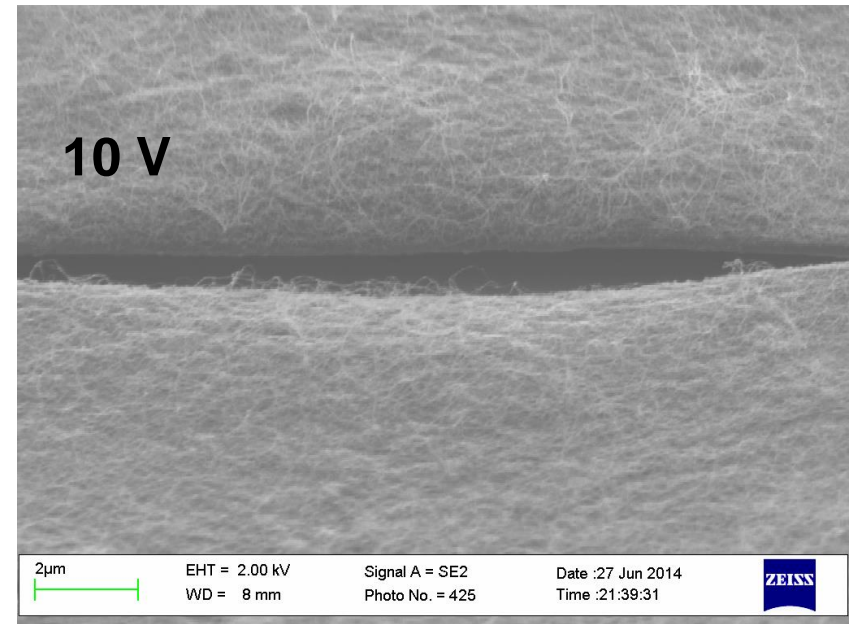
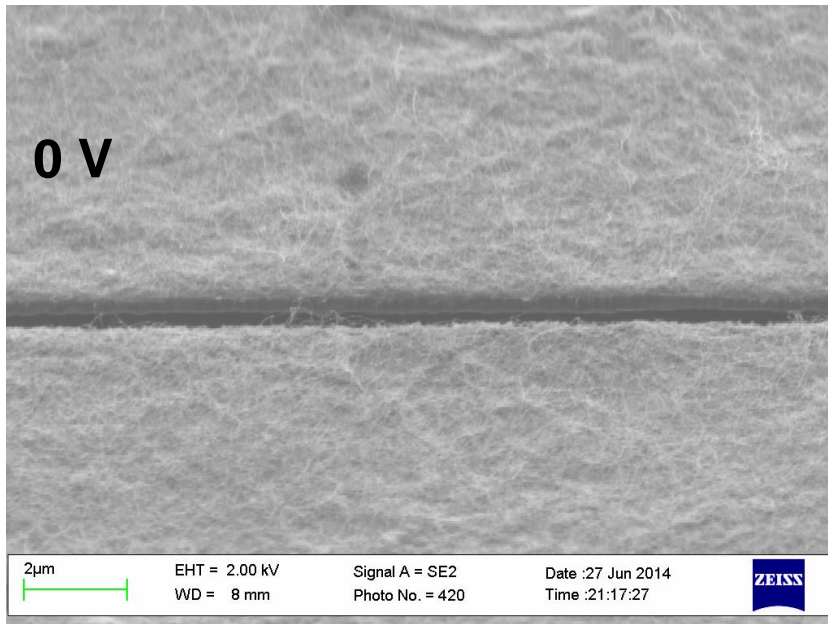
CNT layer is ablated by focused ion beam to verify that the CNTs are suspended in the air.

Air gap is clearly visible.



# Bended CNT layer

Voltage applied inside the SEM chamber, sample is tilted



# Conclusions

- **Very first prototype of CNT varactor is demonstrated**
- **The actuation voltage is less than 10 V**
- **Tunability is 100%**
- **Better insulation can be achieved with nanocellulose**
- **CNTs open a good perspective for future MEMS**